Preliminary DATA SHEET

CFORTH-SFP+-23-60

10GBd SFP+ Tx1330nm/Rx1270nm 60km Bi-directional Transceiver

CFORTH-SFP+-23-60 Overview

CFORTH-SFP+-23-60 SFP+ optical transceivers are based on 10G Ethernet IEEE 802.3ae standard and SFF 8431 standard, and provide a quick and reliable interface for the 10G Ethernet application. The Digital diagnostics functions are available via 2-wire serial bus specified in the SFF 8472.

Product Features

- Up to 10.7 GBd bi-directional data links
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3ae 10GBASE-LR/LW
- Compliant with 10GFC
- Compliant with SFF8431
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- 1330nm DFB laser transmitter and 1270nm APD Receiver
- Simplex LC connector
- Built-in digital diagnostic functions
- Up to 60km on SMF
- Single power supply 3.3V
- RoHS Compliance
- Operating temperature range: 0° to 70° .

Applications

- 10GBASE-LR/LW Ethernet
- 10GFC

Ordering Information

Part Number	Description
CFORTH-SFP+-23-60	10G SFP+ BIDI, TX1330nm/RX1270nm, LC Connectors 60km on SMF, with DOM function.

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General Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Data Rate	DR		10.3125		GBd	IEEE 802.3ae
Bit Error Rate	BER			10^{-12}		
Operating Temperature	T_{OP}	0		70	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	Case temperature
Storage Temperature	T_{STO}	- 40		85	$^{\circ}\!$	Ambient temperature
Supply Current	$I_{\mathcal{S}}$		260	280	mA	For electrical power interface
Input Voltage	V _{cc}	3	3.3	3.6	V	
Maximum Voltage	V _{MAX}	- 0.5		4	V	For electrical power interface

Link Distances

Parameter	Fiber Type	Distance Range (Km)
10.3125 GBd	9/125um SMF	60

Optical Characteristics – Transmitter

 V_{CC} =3V to 3.6V, T_{C} =0 \mathcal{C} to 70 \mathcal{C}

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Output Optical Power	P_{TX}	1		5	dBm	Average
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_C	1320	1330	1340	nm	
Optical Modulation Amplitude	OMA	- 5.2				Per IEEE 802.3ae
Extinction Ratio	ER	3	5.5		dB	
Spectral Width (- 20 dB)	Δλ			0.6	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			- 128	dB/Hz	
Transmitter Dispersion Penalty	TDP			3.2	dB	
Transmitter Jitter	According to IEEE 802.3ae requirement					
Launch Power of OFF	D			20	dPm	Average
Transmitter	P_{OUT_OFF}		- 30	- 30	dBm	Average

Optical Characteristics – Receiver

 V_{CC} =3V to 3.6V, T_{C} =0 \mathcal{C} to 70 \mathcal{C}

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_{C}	1260	1270	1280	nm	
Optical Input Power	P_{IN}	-19.2		-9	dBm	Average, Informative
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA)@ 10.3GBd	R_{X_SEN1}			- 19.2	dBm	Measured with ER=5:
						BER<10 ⁻¹² 2 ³¹ -1 PRBS
Receiver Reflectance	TR_{RX}			- 12	dB	
LOS Assert	LOS_A	- 30			dBm	
LOS De-Assert	LOS_D			- 22	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB	

Electrical Characteristics – Transmitter

 V_{CC} =3V to 3.6V, T_{C} =0 $\mathcal C$ to 70 $\mathcal C$

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Input differential impedance	R_{IN}		100		Ω	Non condensing
Single ended data input swing	V_{IN_PP}	250		800	mV	
Transmit disable voltage	V_D	2		V _{CC}	V	
Transmit enable voltage	V_{EN}	V _{EE}		V _{EE} +0.8	V	

Electrical Characteristics – Receiver

 V_{CC} =3V to 3.6V, T_{C} =0 \mathcal{C} to 70 \mathcal{C}

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Single ended data output swing	V_{OUT_PP}	150	300	4 25	mV	
Data output rise time (20%-80%)	$\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{R}}$		30		ps	
Data output fall time (20%-80%)	T_{F}		30		ps	
LOS Fault	V_{LOS_Fault}	2		V _{CC_HOST}	٧	
LOS Normal	V_{LOS_normal}	V_{EE}		V _{EE} +0.5	٧	

Digital Diagnostic Functions

CFORTH-SFP+-23-60 support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFF 8472. Digital diagnostic information are accessible over the 2-wire interface at the address 0xA2. Digital Diagnostics for CFORTH-SFP+-23-60 are internally calibrated by default. A micro controller unit inside the transceiver gathers the monitoring information and reports the status of transceiver.

Transceiver Temperature, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit signed twos complement value in increments of 1/256 degrees Celsius, Temperature accuracy is better than ±3 degrees Celsius over specified operating temperature and voltage.

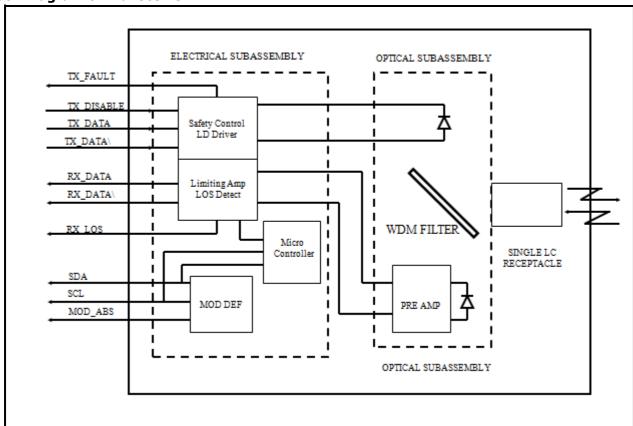
Transceiver Supply Power, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit unsigned integer with the voltage defined as the full 16 bit value (0 - 65535) with LSB equal to 100 μ Volt, yielding a total range of 0 to +6.55 Volts.

Transceiver TX bias current, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit unsigned integer with the current defined as the full 16 bit value (0 – 65535) with LSB equal to 2 μ A, yielding a total range of 0 to 131mA. Accuracy is better than $\pm 10\%$ over specified operating temperature and voltage.

Transceiver TX output power, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit unsigned integer with the power defined as the full 16 bit value (0 – 65535) with LSB equal to $0.1 \,\mu\text{W}$. Data is assumed to be based on measurement of laser monitor photodiode current. Accuracy is better than $\pm 3 \, \text{dB}$ over specified temperature and voltage. Data is not valid when the transmitter is disabled.

Transceiver RX received optical power, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit unsigned integer with the power defined as the full 16 bit 35 value (0 – 65535) with LSB equal to 0.1 μ W. Accuracy is better than ± 3 dB over specified temperature and voltage.

Block Diagram of Transceiver



Transmitter Section

The Laser driver accept differential input data and provide bias and modulation currents for driving a laser. An automatic power-control (APC) feedback loop is incorporated to maintain a constant average optical power.1330 DFB in an eye safe optical subassembly (OSA) mates to the fiber cable.

TX_DISABLE

The TX_DISABLE signal is high (TTL logic "1") to turn off the laser output. The laser will turn on within 1ms when TX_DISABLE is low (TTL logic "0").

TX_FAULT

When the TX_FAULT signal is high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation.

Receiver Section

The receiver utilizes a APD detector integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier in an OSA. This OSA is connected to a Limiting Amplifier which providing post-amplification quantization, and optical signal detection. The limiting Amplifier is AC-coupled to the trans-impedance amplifier, with internal 100Ω differential termination.

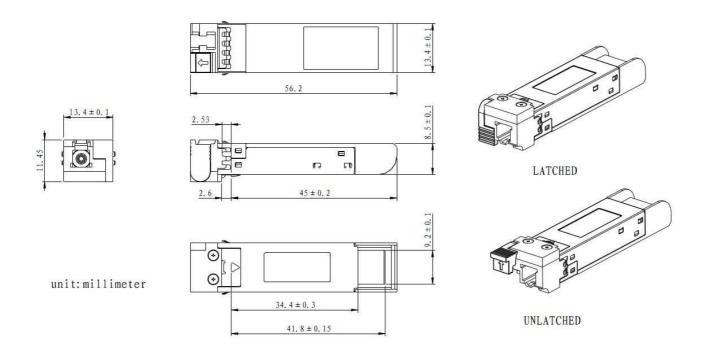
Receive Loss (RX_LOS)

The RX_LOS is high (logic "1") when there is no incoming light from the companion transceiver. This signal is normally used by the system for the diagnostic purpose. The signal is operated in TTL level.

Controller Section

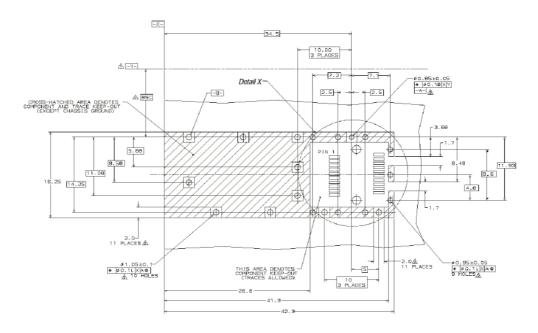
The micro controller unit monitors the operation information of LD driver and Limiting Amplifier. And report these status to the customer.

Dimensions

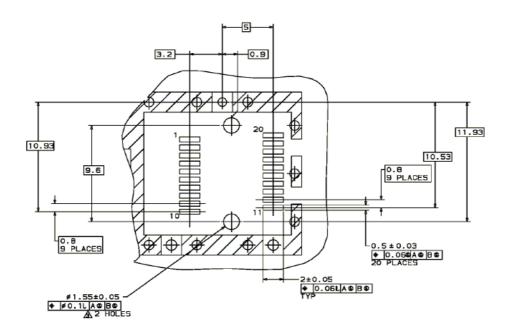


ALL DIMENSIONS ARE $\pm 0.2 mm$ UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED UNIT: mm

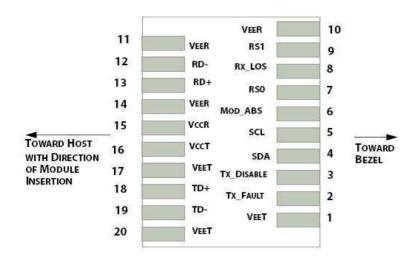
PCB Layout Recommendation

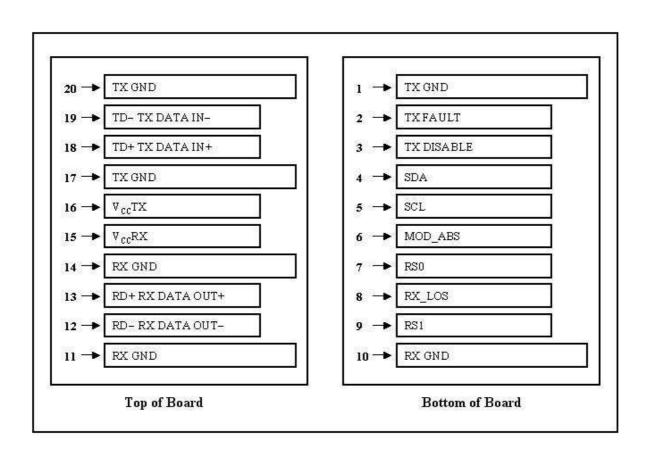


- Datum and Basic Dimension Established by Customer
- Rads and Vias are Chassis Ground, 11 Places
- AThrough Holes are Unplated



Electrical Pad Layout





Pin Assignment

PIN #	Symbol	Description	Remarks		
1	M	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	Circuit ground is isolated		
1	V_{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	from chassis ground		
2	T_{FAULT}	Transmitter Fault.			
3	т	Transmitter Disable Lacer output disable on high or open	Disabled: T _{DIS} >2V or open		
3	T_{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disable on high or open	Enabled: T _{DIS} <0.8V		
4	SDA	Data line for serial ID	Should Be pulled up with		
5	SCL	Clock line for serial ID	4.7k – 10k ohm on host		
			board to a voltage between		
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	2V and 3.6V		
7	RS0	No connection required			
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation	LOS is open collector output		
9	RS1	No connection required	Circuit around is isolated		
10	V_{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	Circuit ground is isolated		
11	V_{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	from chassis ground		
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC coupled			
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC coupled			
14	1 \	V _{FFR} Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	Circuit ground is isolated		
14	V_{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	from chassis ground		
15	V_{CCR}	Receiver power supply			
16	V_{CCT}	Transmitter power supply			
17	V Too	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	Circuit ground is isolated		
17 V _{EET}	VEET	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	from chassis ground		
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC coupled			
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC coupled			
20	V_{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	Circuit ground is isolated		
	▼ EE I		from chassis ground		

References

- 1. IEEE standard 802.3ae. IEEE Standard Department, 2005.
- 2. Enhanced 8.5 and 10 Gigabit Small Form Factor Pluggable Module "SFP+" SFF-8431
- 3. Digital Diagnostics Monitoring Interface for Optical Transceivers SFF-8472.